Total DRUG-seq: Cost-efficient HTTx Platform Enabling Gene Isoforms and non-coding RNA Analysis for MoA Discovery and Risk Assessment



S. Placzek, M. Vallez, A. Coudray, D. Alpern, V. Hahaut Alithea Genomics, Switzerland

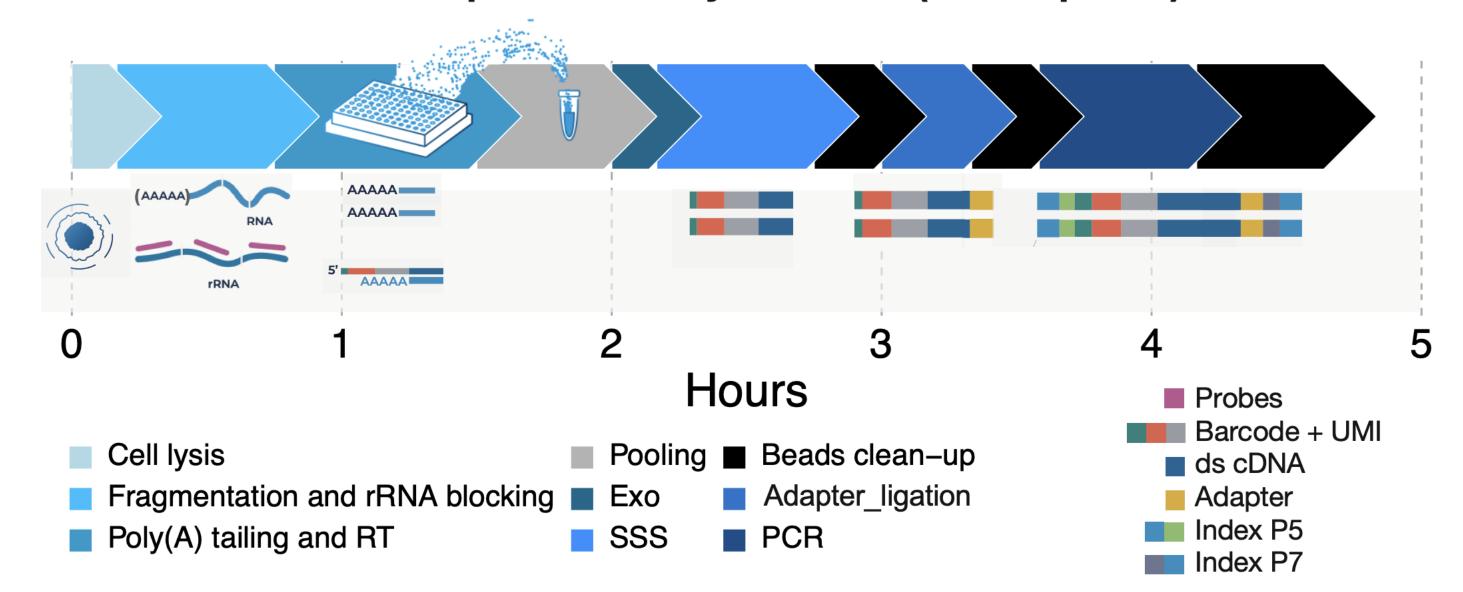
Abstract

Here, we present MERCURIUSTM Total DRUG-seq, an advanced HTTx platform that integrates early sample multiplexing and the streamlined library preparation of DRUG-seq, while enabling whole transcriptome expression analysis, including non-protein-coding transcripts with full-length gene coverage. It can capture alternative promoter usage, non-coding RNA, isoforms, and splicing events across thousands of samples, thereby offering deeper mechanistic insights into the chemical bioactivity of a compound. We used hepatocellular carcinoma cells and patient-derived fibroblasts to demonstrate the efficacy of MERCURIUSTM Total DRUG-seq in detecting alternative promoter usage and splicing events upon stimulation with TGF-β and the splicing modulator drugs, Risdiplam and Branaplam. We detect transcriptional changes and alternative splicing events that would be missed by conventional poly(A)-based transcriptomics, highlighting the utility of MERCURIUSTM Total DRUG-seq. MERCURIUSTM Total DRUG-seq enables more comprehensive transcriptomic profiling while maintaining the capacity for high-throughput library preparation at a low cost. This approach significantly expands the applicability of HTTx in predictive toxicology and provides deeper insights into MoA, compound bioactivity and molecular toxicity pathways.

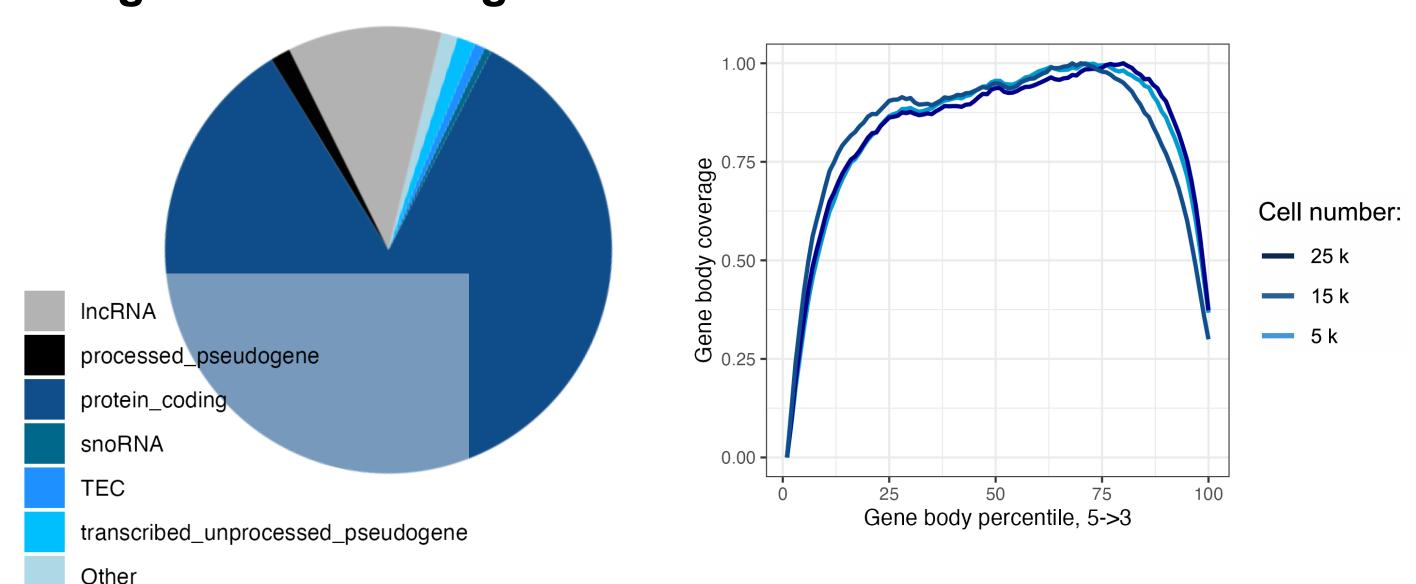
1. Overview of MERCURIUSTM Total DRUG-seq

The MERCURIUS™ Total DRUG-seq protocol enables RNA-extraction free library preparation in < 5 h for up to 384 samples

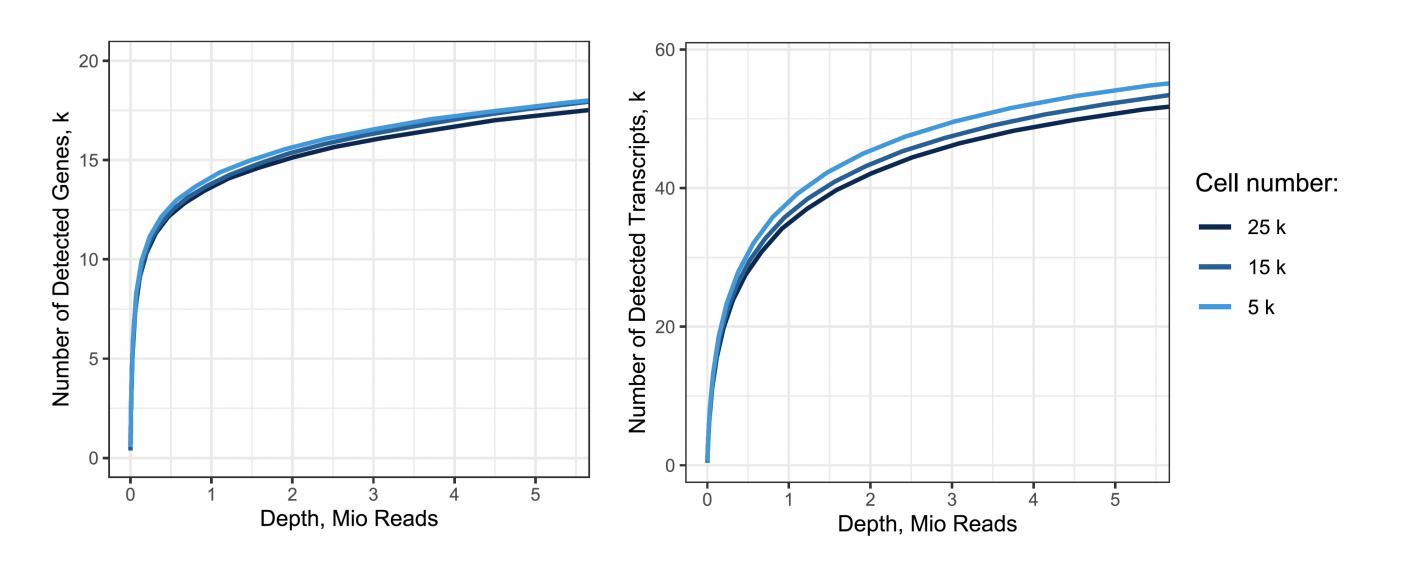
Frozen cell samples-to-library workflow (96/384 plates)



Total, full-length gene body coverage allows the detection of coding and non-coding RNA



Lower cell inputs are favored and enable the detection of 15K gens and 40K transcripts at a depth of 1Mio reads



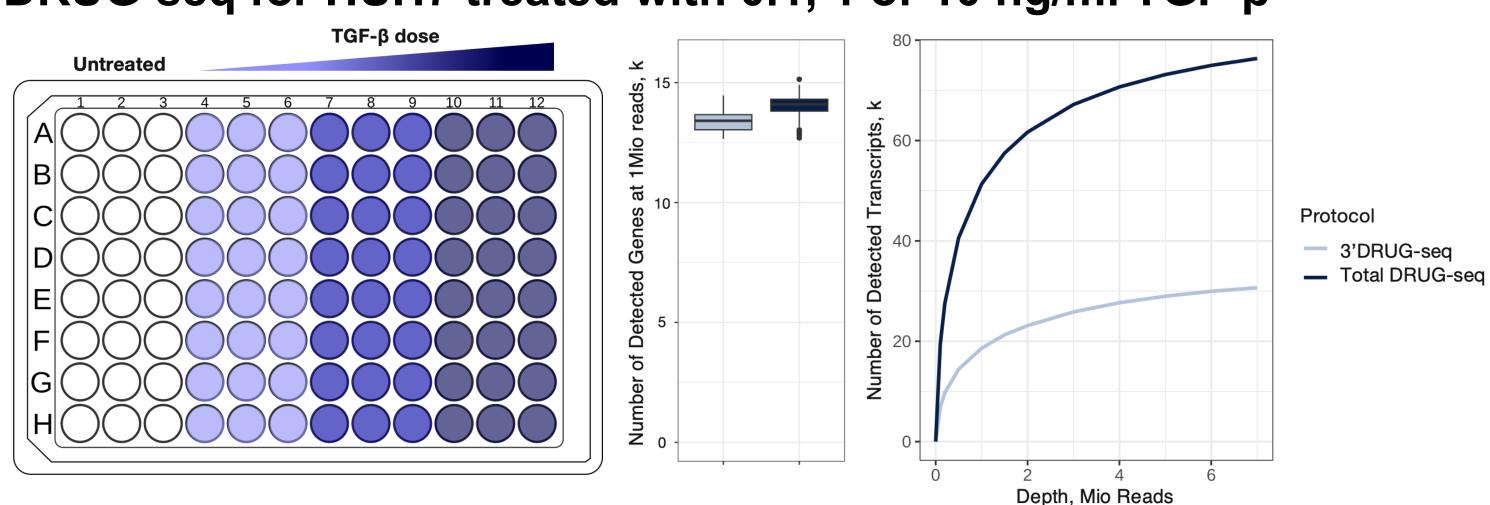
4. Conclusion

MERCURIUS™ Total DRUG-seq is an early multiplexing protocol that provides full-length gene body coverage from extraction-free RNA, enabling isoform detection, alternative promoter usage, and splicing event analysis, while maintaining high sensitivity with as few as 2'000 cells.

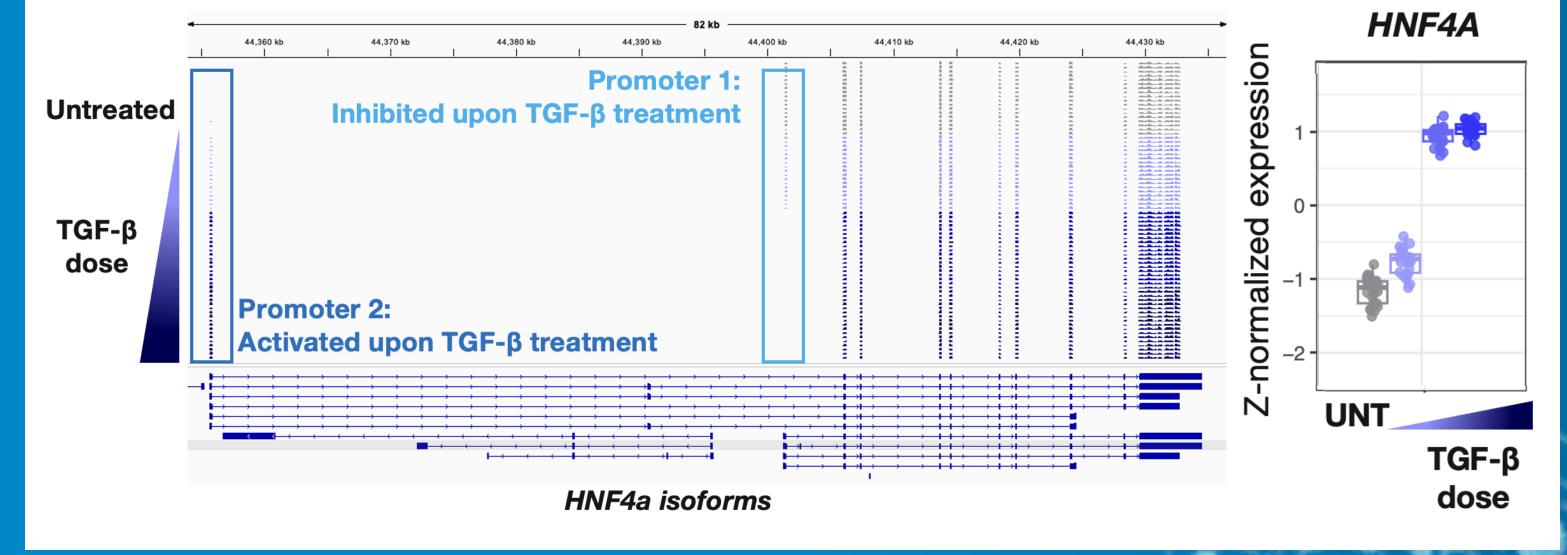
MERCURIUSTM Total DRUG-seq is available as kit and service.

2. Alternative promoter usage in HUH7 cells upon TGF-β stimulation

60K isoforms detected at 2Mio reads for MERCURIUSTM Total DRUG-seq for HUH7 treated with 0.1, 1 or 10 ng/ml TGF-β

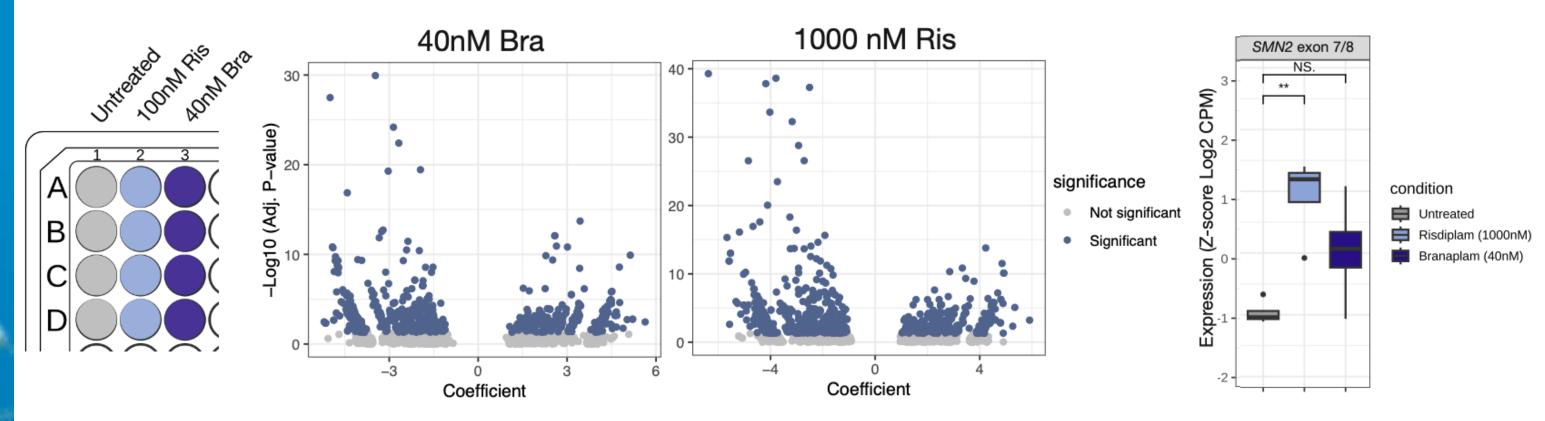


Example of a promoter switch mediated by increased HNF4A expression following TGF- β stimulation

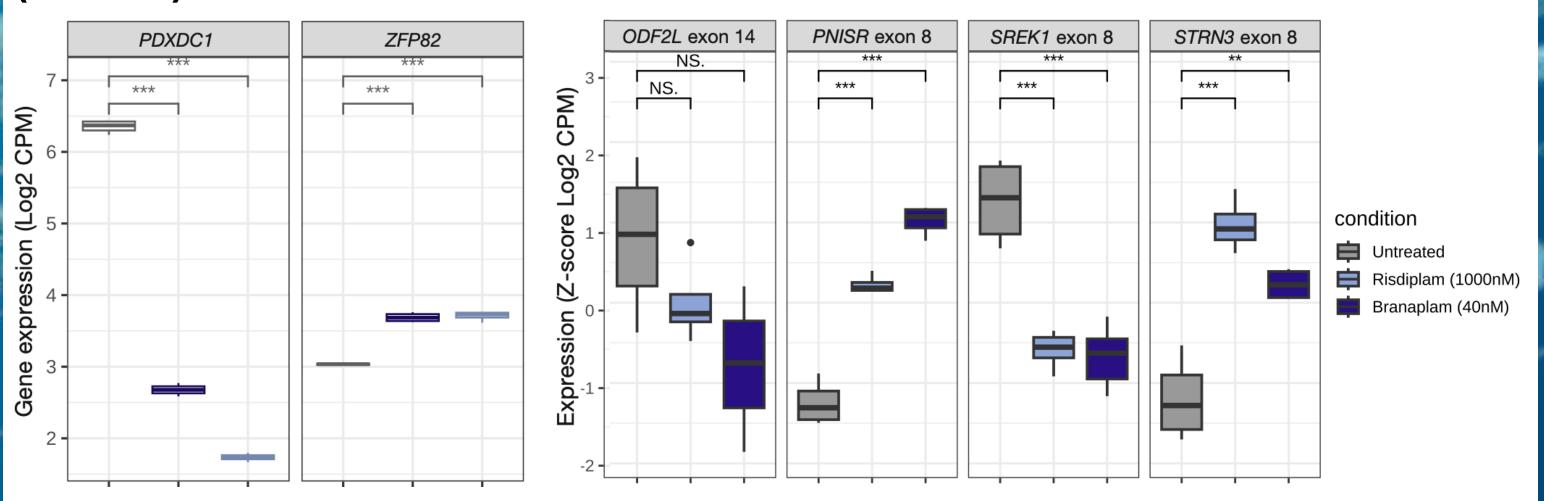


3. Alternative splicing and isoform detection in SMN1-depleted cells upon Branaplam and Risdiplam treatment

Differential exon usage detected with diffSpliceDGE in SMN1-depleted cells treated with 1µM Risdiplam or 40nM Branaplam



Altered gene expression (*ZFP82, PDXDC1*), alternative splicing (*STRN3, SREK1*), exon skipping (*ODF2L*) and intron retention (*PNISR*)¹



¹ Ottesen et al. (2023) Diverse targets of SMN2-directed splicing-modulating small molecule therapeutics for spinal muscular atrophy. *Nucl Ac Res*